

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

AASHTO

A1	Gravel and Sand
A3	Fine Sand
A2	Silty or Clayey Gravel and Sand
A4	Silty Soil - Low Compressibility
A5	Silty Soil - Highly Compressible
A6	Clayey Soil - Low Compressibility
A7	Clayey Soil - Highly Compressible

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

R.Q.D. (%)	ROCK DESCRIPTION
<25	Very Poor
25 to 50	Poor
51 to 75	Fair
76 to 90	Good
>90	Excellent

SHEAR STRENGTH

UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH IN P.S.F.	CONSISTENCY
<250	Very Soft
250-500	Soft
500-1000	Med. Stiff
1000-2000	Stiff
2000-4000	Very Stiff
>4000	Hard

CORRELATION GUIDE OF "N" TO DENSITY/CONSISTENCY

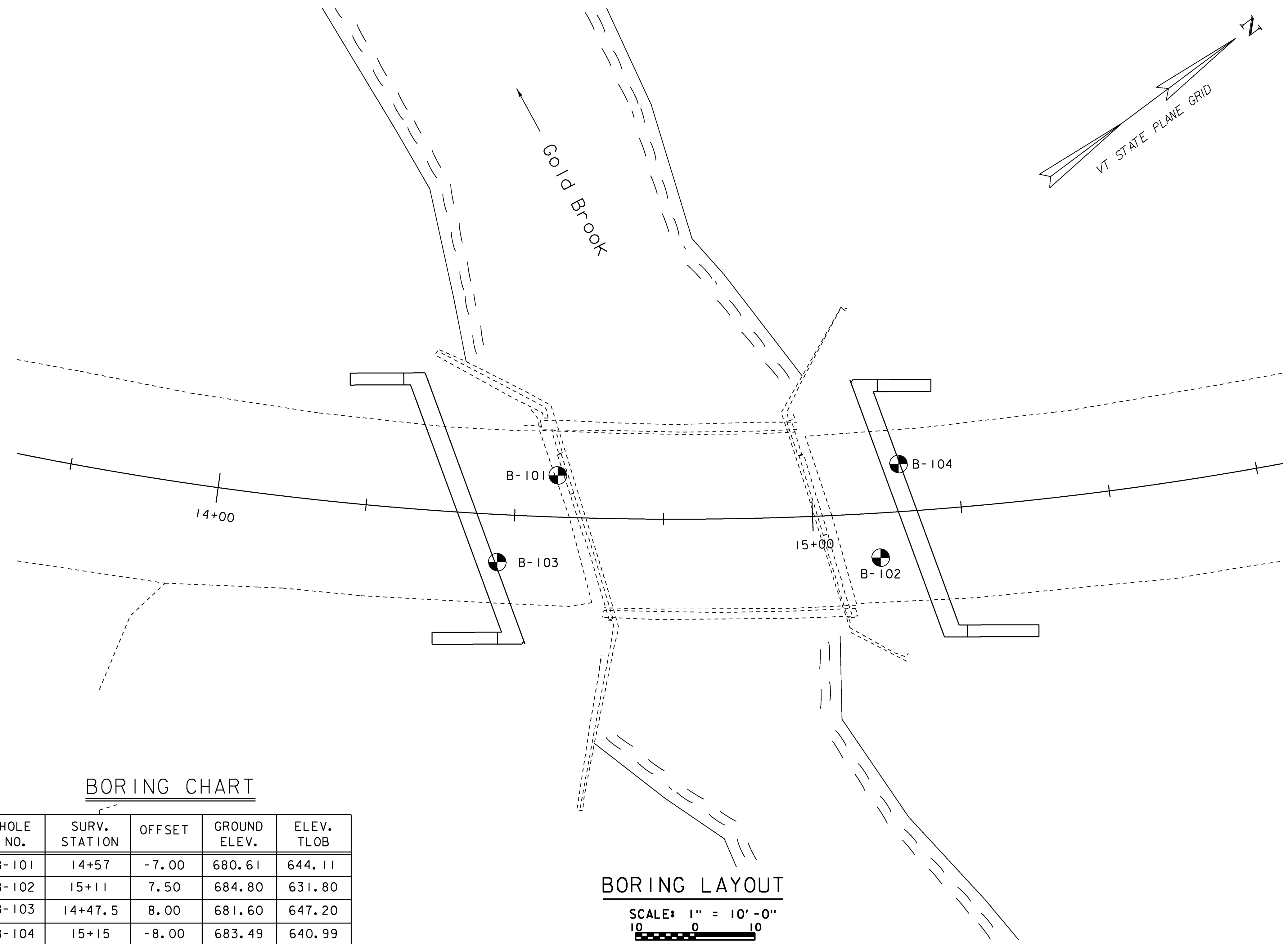
DENSITY (GRANULAR SOILS)		CONSISTENCY (COHESIVE SOILS)	
N	DESCRIPTIVE TERM	N	DESCRIPTIVE TERM
<5	Very Loose	<2	Very Soft
5-10	Loose	2-4	Soft
11-24	Med. Dense	5-8	Med. Stiff
25-50	Dense	9-15	Stiff
>50	Very Dense	16-30	Very Stiff
		31-60	Hard
		>60	Very Hard

COMMONLY USED SYMBOLS

- ▼ Water Elevation
- ⊕ Standard Penetration Boring
- ⊕ Auger Boring
- ⊙ Rod Sounding
- S Sample
- N Standard Penetration Test
- Blow Count Per Foot For:
- 2" O.D. Sampler
- 1 1/2" I.D. Sampler
- Hammer Weight Of 140 Lbs.
- Hammer Fall Of 30"
- VS Field Vane Shear Test
- US Undisturbed Soil Sample
- B Blast
- DC Diamond Core
- MD Mud Drill
- WA Wash Ahead
- HSA Hollow Stem Auger
- AX Core Size 1 1/8"
- BX Core Size 1 3/8"
- NX Core Size 2 1/8"
- M Double Tube Core Barrel Used
- LL Liquid Limit
- PL Plastic Limit
- PI Plasticity Index
- NP Non Plastic
- w Moisture Content (Dry Wgt. Basis)
- D Dry
- M Moist
- MTW Moist To Wet
- W Wet
- Sat Saturated
- Bo Boulder
- Gr Gravel
- Sa Sand
- Sl Silt
- Cl Clay
- HP Hardpan
- Le Ledge
- NLTD No Ledge To Depth
- CNPF Can Not Penetrate Further
- TLOB Top of Ledge Or Boulder
- NR No Recovery
- Rec. Recovery
- %Rec. Percent Recovery
- ROD Rock Quality Designation
- CBR California Bearing Ratio
- < Less Than
- > Greater Than
- R Refusal (N > 100)
- VTSPG NAD83 - See Note 7

COLOR

- | | | | |
|-----|--------|------|--------------|
| blk | Black | pnk | Pink |
| bl | Blue | pu | Purple |
| brn | Brown | rd | Red |
| dk | Dark | tn | Tan |
| gr | Gray | wh | White |
| gn | Green | yel | Yellow |
| lt | Light | mltc | Multicolored |
| or | Orange | | |



BORING CHART

HOLE NO.	SURV. STATION	OFFSET	GROUND ELEV.	ELEV. TLOB
B-101	14+57	-7.00	680.61	644.11
B-102	15+11	7.50	684.80	631.80
B-103	14+47.5	8.00	681.60	647.20
B-104	15+15	-8.00	683.49	640.99

BORING LAYOUT

SCALE: 1" = 10' - 0"

DEFINITIONS (AASHTO)

- BEDROCK (LEDGE) - Rock in its native location of indefinite thickness.
- BOULDER - A rock fragment with an average dimension > 12 inches.
- COBBLE - Rock fragments with an average dimension between 3 and 12 inches.
- GRAVEL - Rounded particles of rock < 3" and > 0.075" (#10 sieve).
- SAND - Particles of rock < 0.075" (#10 sieve) and > 0.0025" (#200 sieve).
- SILT - Soil < 0.0025" (#200 sieve), non or slightly plastic and exhibits no strength when air-dried.
- CLAY - Fine grained soil, exhibits plasticity when moist and considerable strength when air-dried.
- VARVED - Alternate layers of silt and clay.
- HARDPAN - Extremely dense soil, cemented layer, not softened when wet.
- MUCK - Soft organic soil (containing > 10% organic material).
- MOISTURE CONTENT - Weight of water divided by dry weight of soil.
- FLOWING SAND - Granular soil so saturated (loose) that it flows into drill casing during extraction of wash rod.
- STRIKE - Angle from magnetic north to line of intersection of bed with a horizontal plane.
- DIP - Inclination of bed with a horizontal plane.

GENERAL NOTES

1. The subsurface explorations shown herein were made between 10/25/07 and 03/13/08 by the Agency.
2. Soil and rock classifications, properties and descriptions are based on engineering interpretation from available subsurface information by the Agency and may not necessarily reflect actual variations in subsurface conditions that may be encountered between individual boring or sample locations.
3. Observed water levels and/or conditions indicated are as recorded at the time of exploration and may vary according to the prevailing rainfall, methods of exploration and other factors.
4. Engineering judgment was exercised in preparing the subsurface information presented herein. Analysis and interpretation of subsurface data was performed and interpreted for Agency design and estimating purposes. Presentation of the information in the Contract is intended to provide the Contractor access to the same data available to the Agency. The subsurface information is presented in good faith and is not intended as a substitute for personal investigation, independent interpretation, independent analysis or judgment by the Contractor.
5. Pictorial structure details shown on the boring plan layout or soils profile are for illustrative purposes only and may not accurately portray final contract details.
6. Terminology used on boring logs to describe the hardness, degree of weathering, and spacing of fractures, joints and other discontinuities in the bedrock is defined in the AASHTO Manual on Subsurface Investigations, 1988.
7. Northing and Easting coordinates are shown in Vermont State Plane Grid North American Datum 1983 in meters and survey feet.

PROJECT NAME:	STOWE	PLOT DATE:	17-JUN-2013
PROJECT NUMBER:	BRF 029-1(17)	DRAWN BY:	R. PELLET
FILE NAME:	s85e037bor.dgn	CHECKED BY:	G. ROY
PROJECT LEADER:	C. CARLSON	SHEET	25 OF 70
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BORING LAYOUT			