

## EPSC PLAN NARRATIVE

### 1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THIS PROJECT INVOLVES THE REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE #47, RELATED CHANNEL WORK AND INCIDENTALS. BRIDGE #47 IS AN EXISTING 72" CORRUGATED METAL PLATE PIPE CULVERT, WHICH WILL BE REPLACED WITH A 12' SPAN PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT TO CONVEY THE UNNAMED BROOK BENEATH VT ROUTE 30. BRIDGE #47 IS LOCATED IN THE TOWN OF WINHALL ON VT ROUTE 30, 2.3 MILES SOUTH OF THE JUNCTION WITH VERMONT ROUTE 11.

NOTE: AREA OF DISTURBANCE INCLUDES LIMITS OF EARTH DISTURBANCE WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA, AS WELL AS WASTE, BORROW AND STAGING AREAS, AND OTHER EARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES WITHIN OR DIRECTLY ADJACENT TO THE PROJECT LIMITS AS SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED EPSC PLAN.

TOTAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE AS SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED EPSC PLAN IS APPROXIMATELY 0.65 ACRES.

IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT THIS PROJECT WILL LAST ONE CONSTRUCTION SEASON.

### 1.2 SITE INVENTORY

#### 1.2.1 TOPOGRAPHY

THE TOPOGRAPHY OF THE PROJECT SITE IS WOODED MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN. VT ROUTE 30 IS WITHIN THE PROJECT SITE. THERE ARE GRAVEL DRIVES ON FOUR SIDES OF THE PROJECT. THERE ARE OVERHEAD UTILITIES THAT WILL BE RELOCATED PRIOR TO THE START OF THE PROJECT.

#### 1.2.2 DRAINAGE, WATERWAYS, BODIES OF WATER, AND PROXIMITY TO NATURAL OR MAN-MADE WATER FEATURES

THE WATER SOURCE ON THE PROJECT SITE IS AN UNNAMED BROOK. THE PROJECT IS IN THE CONNETICUT RIVER - BELLOWS FALLS TO VERNON DAM DRAINAGE BASIN. THE TOTAL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS 0.8 SQ. MI. THERE IS A POND APPROXIMATELY 1000 FT UPSTREAM. DUE TO THE NATURE OF THE SURROUNDING ROADWAY TERRAIN THE PROJECT SITE COULD RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM THE SURROUNDING SLOPES, ROADWAY DITCHES AND THE ROADWAY OVER TOP OF CULVERT. THERE ARE CLASS II WETLANDS ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THE PROJECT AT THE OUTLET. SEE THE PROJECT IMPACTS PLANS.

#### 1.2.3 VEGETATION

THE VEGETATION IN THE PROJECT AREA CONSISTS OF OPEN WOODLAND, WITH MOSSY UNDERGROWTH ON THE BANKS OF THE BROOK. THE IMPACT TO VEGETATION WILL BE LIMITED TO THAT WHICH IS RELATED TO THE EXCAVATION REQUIRED FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE CULVERT, HEADWALLS, WINGWALLS, STONE FILL, AND TEMPORARY ACCESS. UPON PROJECT COMPLETION, THE CHANNEL AND DISTURBED AREAS WITH SLOPES GREATER THAN 2:1 WILL BE ARMORED WITH STONE FILL TYPE III AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. DISTURBED VEGETATION WILL BE REESTABLISHED WITH STANDARD SEED AND MULCH PRACTICES.

#### 1.2.4 SOILS

ALL SOIL DATA CAME FROM THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE FOR THE COUNTY OF ORLEANS, VERMONT. SOILS ON THE PROJECT SITE ARE MONADNOCK FINE SANDY LOAM, "K FACTOR" = 0.20. THE SOIL IS CONSIDERED LOW EROSION POTENTIAL DUE TO K-VALUE. THE SOIL "K FACTOR" FOR THE EXACT PROJECT LOCATION WAS NOT AVAILABLE; THEREFORE THE ADJACENT SOIL "K FACTOR" WAS USED.

NOTE: K-VALUES GENERALLY INDICATE THE FOLLOWING:

0.0-0.23 = LOW EROSION POTENTIAL  
0.24-0.36 = MODERATE EROSION POTENTIAL  
0.37 AND HIGHER = HIGH EROSION POTENTIAL

#### 1.2.5 SENSITIVE RESOURCE AREAS

CRITICAL HABITATS: NO  
HISTORICAL OR ARCHEOLOGICAL AREAS: NO  
PRIME AGRICULTURAL LAND: NO  
THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES: NO  
WATER RESOURCE: UNNAMED BROOK  
WETLANDS: THERE ARE WETLANDS AT THE OUTLET OF THE STRUCTURE. SEE THE PROJECT IMPACTS PLANS.

### 1.3 RISK EVALUATION

THIS PROJECT DOES NOT FALL UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF GENERAL PERMIT 3-9020 FOR STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM CONSTRUCTION SITES. SHOULD CHANGES PRIOR TO OR DURING CONSTRUCTION RESULT IN ONE OR MORE ACRES OF EARTH DISTURBANCE OR SHOULD THE PROJECT BECOME PART OF A LARGER PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ADDITIONAL PERMITTING.

### 1.4 EROSION PREVENTION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

THE EROSION CONTROL PLANS ARE MEANT AS A GUIDELINE FOR PREVENTING EROSION AND CONTROLLING SEDIMENT TRANSPORT. THE PRINCIPLES OUTLINED IN THIS NARRATIVE CONSIST OF APPLYING MEASURES THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE SEDIMENT TRANSPORT TO THE RECEIVING WATERS. THE MEASURES INCLUDE STABILIZATION AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES, STORM WATER CONTROLS AND OTHER POLLUTION PREVENTION PRACTICES. THEY HAVE BEEN PROPOSED BY THE DESIGNER AS A BASIS FOR PROTECTING RESOURCES AND WILL NEED TO BE BUILT UPON BASED ON THE SPECIFIC MEANS AND METHODS OF THE CONTRACTOR. REFER TO THE LOW RISK SITE HANDBOOK AND APPROPRIATE DETAIL SHEETS FOR SPECIFIC GUIDANCE AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILING. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING AND SUBMITTING AN EPSC PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 652 OF THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT A TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION, INCLUDING EPSC MEASURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 900.645, SPECIAL PROVISION (TEMPORARY RELOCATION OF STREAM).

ALL MEASURES SHALL BE REGULARLY MAINTAINED AND SHALL BE CHECKED FOR SEDIMENT BUILD-UP. SEDIMENT SHALL BE DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROVED SITE WHERE IT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO EROSION.

#### 1.4.1 MARK SITE BOUNDARIES

SITE BOUNDARIES AND AREAS CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN ACCESS SHALL BE DELINEATED.

PROJECT DEMARCATION FENCING (PDF) SHALL BE USED TO PHYSICALLY MARK SITE BOUNDARIES.

#### 1.4.2 LIMIT DISTURBANCE AREA

PREVENTING INITIAL SOIL EROSION BY MINIMIZING THE EXPOSED AREA IS MUCH MORE EFFECTIVE THAN TREATING ERODED SEDIMENT. EARTH DISTURBANCE CAN BE MINIMIZED THROUGH CONSTRUCTION PHASING BY ONLY OPENING UP EARTH AS NECESSARY. THIS CAN LIMIT THE AREA THAT WILL BE DISTURBED AND EXPOSED TO EROSION. EMPLOY TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION STABILIZATION PRACTICES IN INCREMENTAL STAGES AS PHASES CHANGE. FOR PROJECTS WHICH FALL UNDER THE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT, ONLY THE ACREAGE LISTED ON THE PERMIT AUTHORIZATION MAY BE EXPOSED AT ANY GIVEN TIME.

MAINTAINING VEGETATED BUFFERS ALONG STREAM BANKS, WETLANDS OR OTHER SENSITIVE AREAS IS A CRUCIAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE THAT SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED WHEREVER POSSIBLE.

#### 1.4.3 SITE ENTRANCE/EXIT STABILIZATION

TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC HIGHWAYS SHALL BE MINIMIZED TO REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR RUNOFF ENTERING RECEIVING WATERS. INSTALLATION SHALL COINCIDE WITH THE CONTRACTOR'S PROGRESS SCHEDULE.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PROPOSED ON THE EPSC PLAN AND ANYWHERE EQUIPMENT WILL BE GOING FROM AREAS OF EXPOSED SOILS TO PAVED SURFACES.

#### 1.4.4 INSTALL SEDIMENT BARRIERS

SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE UTILIZED TO INTERCEPT RUNOFF AND ALLOW SUSPENDED SEDIMENT TO SETTLE OUT. THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY UP SLOPE WORK.

SILT FENCE WILL BE INSTALLED AS PROPOSED ON THE EPSC PLAN.

#### 1.4.5 DIVERT UPLAND RUNOFF

DIVERSIONARY MEASURES SHALL BE USED TO INTERCEPT RUNOFF FROM ABOVE THE CONSTRUCTION AND DIRECT IT AROUND THE DISTURBED AREA SO THAT CLEAN WATER DOES NOT BECOME MUDDIED WHILE TRAVELING OVER EXPOSED SOILS ON THE CONSTRUCTION SITE.

THE PROJECT AREA IS RELATIVELY FLAT AROUND THE ROADWAY WITH MINIMAL OFF-SITE RUNOFF FLOWING THROUGH THE SITE. THEREFORE DIVERSION MEASURES WILL NOT BE NECESSARY.

#### 1.4.6 SLOW DOWN CHANNELIZED RUNOFF

CHECK STRUCTURES SHALL BE UTILIZED TO REDUCE THE VELOCITY, AND THUS THE EROSION POTENTIAL, OF CONCENTRATED FLOW IN CHANNELS.

STONE CHECK DAMS WILL BE INSTALLED AS NEEDED AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### 1.4.7 CONSTRUCT PERMANENT CONTROLS

THERE ARE NO PERMANENT STORMWATER TREATMENT DEVICES TO BE INSTALLED WITH THIS PROJECT.

#### 1.4.8 STABILIZE EXPOSED SOILS DURING CONSTRUCTION

ALL AREAS OF DISTURBANCE MUST HAVE TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IN PLACE WITHIN 48 HOURS OF DISTURBANCE OR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT 3-9020 AUTHORIZATION.

SURFACE ROUGHENING OF ALL EXPOSED SLOPES, COMBINED WITH TEMPORARY MULCHING, SHALL BE UTILIZED ON A REGULAR BASIS. BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL MATTING OR AN EQUIVALENT SHALL BE USED TO STABILIZE ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 1:3.

THE FORECAST OF RAINFALL EVENTS SHALL TRIGGER IMMEDIATE PROTECTION OF EXPOSED SOILS.

#### 1.4.9 WINTER STABILIZATION

VARIOUS MEASURES SPECIFIC TO WINTER MAY BE NECESSARY SHOULD THE PROJECT EXTEND INTO WINTER (OCTOBER 15 THROUGH APRIL 15). REFER TO THE LOW RISK SITE HANDBOOK FOR GUIDANCE.

#### 1.4.10 STABILIZE SOIL AT FINAL GRADE

EXPOSED SOIL MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF REACHING FINAL GRADE.

SEED, MULCH, FERTILIZER AND LIME SHALL BE USED TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT VEGETATION. FOR SLOPES STEEPER THAN 1:3, BIODEGRADABLE EROSION CONTROL MATTING OR AN EQUIVALENT SHALL BE USED INSTEAD OF MULCH.

#### 1.4.11 DE-WATERING ACTIVITIES

DISCHARGE FROM DEWATERING ACTIVITIES THAT FLOWS OFF OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MUST NOT CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO A VIOLATION OF THE VERMONT WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

SEDIMENT CONTAINMENT BAGS (FILTER BAGS) FOR HEADWALL WORK SHALL BE USED AS NECESSARY AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. SEE SHEET 33 FOR DETAIL.

#### 1.4.12 INSPECT YOUR SITE

INSPECT THE PROJECT SITE BASED ON SPECIAL PROVISION REQUIREMENTS.

### 1.5 SEQUENCE AND STAGING

THIS SECTION WILL BE DEVELOPED BY THE CONTRACTOR USING THE GUIDANCE OUTLINED IN THE VTRANS EPSC PLAN CONTRACTOR CHECKLIST.

#### 1.5.1 OFF-SITE ACTIVITIES

IN ADDITION TO THE CONTRACTOR CHECKLIST ANY ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS SHALL FOLLOW SUBSECTIONS 105.25- 105.29 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION.

PROJECT NAME: WINHALL  
PROJECT NUMBER: STP\_CULV(31)

FILE NAME: z11b268ero\_narr\_BR47.dgn  
PROJECT LEADER: M. CHENETTE  
DESIGNED BY: J. HUNGERFORD  
EPSC NARRATIVE - ECN 1- BR47

PLOT DATE: 9/25/2014  
DRAWN BY: L. BUXTON  
CHECKED BY: M. CHENETTE  
SHEET 30 OF 60

